

Plan To Defeat Soviet Tactics At San Francisco

(FROM D. T. ROBERTS)

London, Aug. 15.

The prospect of a Russian delegation at San Francisco at first caused alarm in London. But now plans are being made to defeat the unexpected Soviet diplomatic manoeuvre to divide the countries of Asia from their Western allies.

Today, discussion was passing by cable between London and Washington whether to address an immediate message to the Kremlin. The text of this suggested telegram—which has not been decided on yet—would tell the Soviet leaders that they are welcome to come to San Francisco. The purpose of the conference is to sign the draft of a Japanese treaty of peace. Drafts have been circulated and the last date for nations to express their opinions was August 13. The Soviet Union would then be informed that the San Francisco conference does not open opportunities for discussion of the proposals—which are already completed and at final conclusion with publication of the text of the second draft tonight.

This proposed joint communication to the Kremlin indicates the tactics which the United States and her allies will adopt at the San Francisco conference.

Discussion of the Russian draft treaty will be ruled out of order—as objections to the present draft were not received by the appointed date.

However, the Russian tactics are known to be aimed at attracting the support of India, Burma, Pakistan, Ceylon and Indonesia.

The revised text of the treaty which is just published doesn't go far to meet the objections of these latter governments. The criticisms of India and Burma were first at the arrangement to maintain United States troops in Japan, second at the lack of definition in the treaty about the future of Formosa, and thirdly that the Peking Government—which is recognised throughout Southeast Asia and receives Ambassadors from India, Burma and Pakistan—is not represented.

REPARATIONS

Burma adds a further objection to the vagueness of the clauses asking Japan to negotiate war reparations. This demand for stricter sanctions on reparations is echoed in the objections from Indonesia and the Philippines.

The second draft treaty itself makes only slight verbal changes to meet the general demand for reparations. However, it contains a blow at the Russians in a demand for the

Troopship Aground

Darwin, Aug. 15.

Five hundred and seventy New Zealand soldiers were safely evacuated today from a Korea-bound troopship after she ran aground on an island reef 30 miles northwest of here.

The troops were taken off the 4,430-ton Washine by a Panamanian tanker and returned to Darwin.

The Washine was headed for the Banda Sea with the reinforcements for New Zealand forces in Korea when she struck a reef off the island of Masela in a thick haze and was abandoned there as unsalvageable.

A Royal Australian Air Force Lincoln bomber summoned from Darwin by radio guided the tanker, Stanvac Karachi, to the grounded vessel.—United Press.

Peking Says It Means Surrender

London, Aug. 15.

Peking Radio declared today that the American proposals for a demarcation line for a Korean armistice were "not cease-fire but surrender" proposals.

The Radio quoted General Nam Il, the chief Korean delegate at the cease-fire talks, as declaring yesterday: "We want peace but we have not come to surrender."

It gave details of yesterday's discussions at the Kaesong talks in a delayed despatch from Alan Winnington, the London Daily Worker correspondent.

The despatch said that General Nam Il "brilliantly" used the Americans' own logic to "ridicule the arguments they were using to denude the conference."

"Admiral Joy argued yesterday that the Communists have superior ground forces and, therefore, must retire up to 60 to 80 kilometres to give the American Command adequate security for its ground forces," the Radio reported.

General Nam Il replied: "Whether you are weak or strong, you demand compensation in territory. By this reasoning the Koreans and Chinese could ask the Americans to retire to the other side of the Han River."—Reuter.

STOKES CROSS-EXAMINED ON HIS OIL PROPOSALS

Eight-Point Plan Revealed

Teheran, Aug. 15.

Persian delegates cross-examined Britain's oil envoy, Mr Richard Stokes, for two and a half hours today on his "peace" proposals, then one of them said, "They are incomplete."

Mr Stokes himself denied that Premier Mohammed Mossadegh had turned down his eight-point plan offering Persia control of operations inside the country.

"Nothing has been rejected, nothing has been accepted," he stated.

"I am convinced that these proposals are as good as any Persia could get."

The Education Minister, Mr Karim Sandjoli, one of the Persian delegates who said that the proposals were not complete, added, "The position is virtually unchanged."

Dr Hussein Fatemi, Dr Mossadegh's assistant, gave a version of the British plan which, he said, was not in accordance with understandings reached with the American oil envoy, Mr Averell Harriman.

Dr Fatemi said that Dr Mossadegh had last night rejected the British proposals and made these counter-proposals:

- 1.—Persia agrees to sell Britain all the oil she wants;
- 2.—The claims of both sides are subject to study and discussion;
- 3.—British oil staff to keep on working.

SURPRISE

After the morning conference from which the Persians emerged unsmiling—Mr Stokes gave a Press conference at which he categorically denied that Dr Mossadegh had rejected his plan or offered counter-proposals.

He said he was surprised by Dr Fatemi's statement, adding that it had been agreed between the two delegations to keep the full text of the British proposals private.

Later Mr Stokes issued a summary of his memorandum to the Persians on August 13, giving Britain's ideas for a settlement.

The statement was drafted with these four principles in mind:

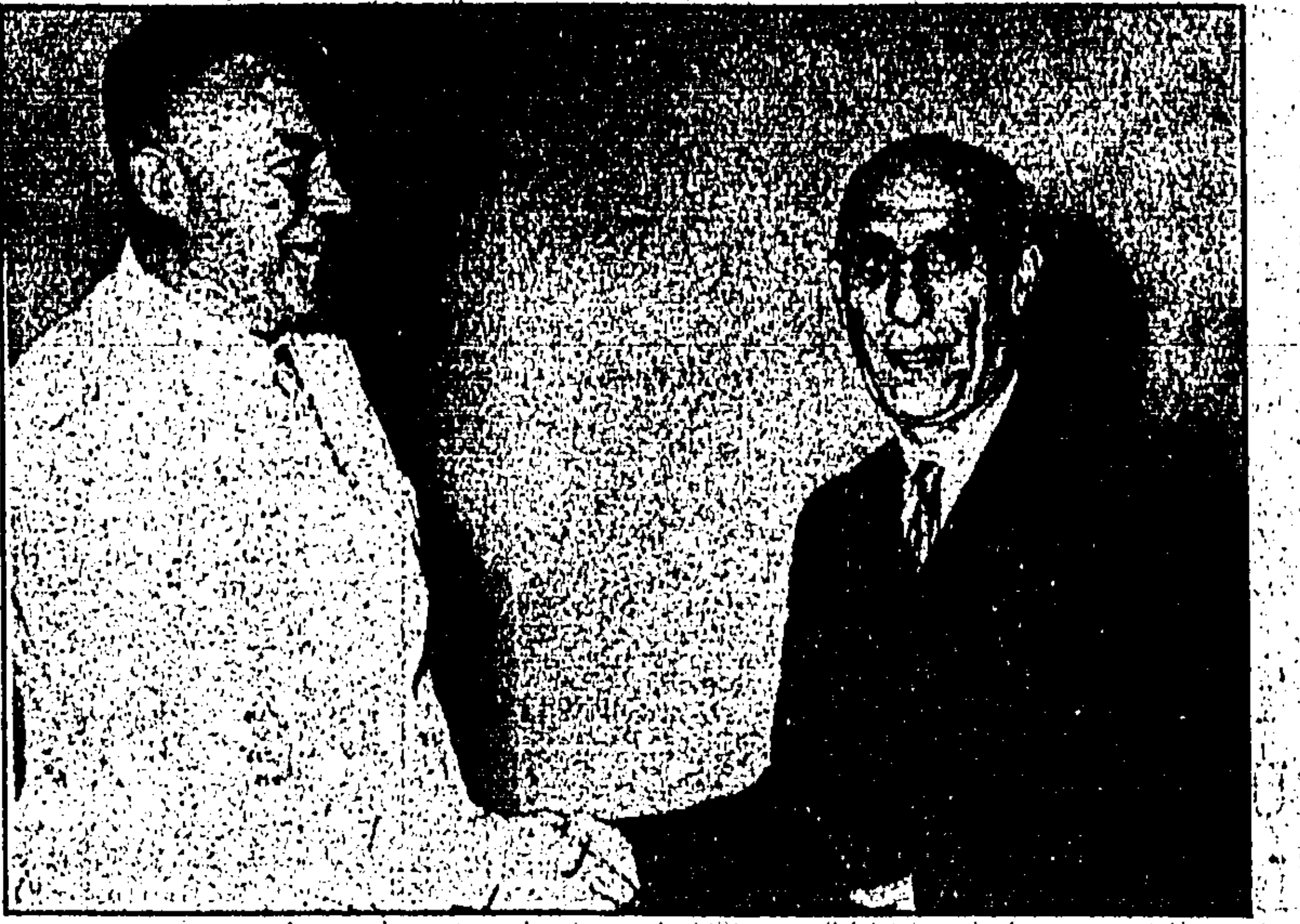
- 1.—Britain recognized the principle of oil nationalisation by Persia.
- 2.—The Anglo-Iranian Oil Company as such would cease to exist in Persia and its assets would be transferred against compensation.
- 3.—Persian oil should start flowing again as soon as possible.
- 4.—Britain and Persia would co-operate for the efficient production and marketing of Persia's oil resources.

EIGHT POINTS

The eight points covered were as follows:

- 1.—The National Iranian Oil Company would own all the assets in Persia of the AIOC.
- 2.—The British and Persian Governments would arrange that there was no interference in Persia's internal affairs by anyone in the oil industry.
- 3.—A 25-year contract for the sale of oil.
- 4.—The National Iranian Company would make its profit by selling oil free on board in Persia and, the suggested, purchasing agent would make money by selling the oil in the world market. Arrangements would be made for the NIOC to act to other customers.
- 5.—In order that the NIOC may have at its disposal the best technical knowledge and management, the purchasing organization would agree with the NIOC on an organization with a number of Iranian directors on the board which would act as a check on it against the oilfields and refinery at Abadan.
- 6.—This agency would act under the authority of the NIOC. It would make no profits and be responsible for day-to-day management and technical matters. Mr Stokes explained that British oil staff would only agree to remain "under an experienced and qualified management."
- 7.—The agency would co-operate wholeheartedly in a programme to increase the number of trained Persians in the industry.
- 8.—The Persians would manage the distribution of oil

Their First Meeting



Mr Richard Stokes and the Persian Premier, Dr Mossadegh, meet for the first time.

MAN'S ORDEAL SEES FIANCEE SWEEPED OFF RAFT TO HER DEATH

Esbjerg, Denmark, Aug. 15.

A young French survivor of a Norwegian ship wreck helplessly watched his fiancée swept to her death from a life raft in the North Sea, he said today.

"It is terrible to stand completely helpless and see one's sweetheart disappear in the sea," Pierre Clement said when he arrived here among nine survivors of the Norwegian ship Bess which foundered in gales on Sunday.

The body of his young fiancée was among seven picked up from the sea by a Danish trawler.

Clement explained that during the first year of their engagement they had saved money for this trip to Norway which was the "land of our dreams."

When landed here Clement was suffering from severe shock.

The mate of the Bess, Magnus Simonsen, described how four of the 13 people originally on the life raft drowned.

The raft capsized twice, he said. Four of its occupants did not succeed in regaining it and disappeared.

The hours dragged along," he said, "and we had given up all hope of being saved. When I think of the terrible weather in which we sailed, I cannot understand how we were saved—when the German trawler found us it was our eleventh hour."

One of the survivors, Stewardess Else Roednes, was then too exhausted to speak. She was nearly frozen stiff with cold.—Reuter.

Govt. Wage Policy Defied

Swansea, Wales, Aug. 15.

The leaders of 2,500,000 British shipbuilding workers defied the Government's anti-inflation policy here today by deciding to press their claims immediately for a wage increase of £1 a week.

The decision, reached by the Confederation of Shipbuilding and Engineering Unions, was unanimous. If the claim is granted it will cost well over £100,000,000 a year.

According to economists supporting the Government's policy, it would fall on those industries which already are likely to suffer most from the heavy increases in steel prices which were announced earlier this week.

This, they predict, would mean a serious step towards inflation.

The increase would cover a 44-hour working week for which the present minimum wage is 25s.

In London, officials of the omnibus industry met Ministry of Labour, chiefs to discuss higher wages for about 80,000 workers in privately owned bus undertakings.

Tomorrow, other talks will be held on wage claims by London bus, tram and trolleybus workers.—Reuter.

Astonishing Cave Discovered

Pau, French Pyrenees, Aug. 15.

A natural cave, discovered near here at the record depth of over 1,500 feet, is believed so enormous that it could easily hold two cathedrals the size of Notre Dame, of Paris, towers and all.

The cave was first entered yesterday by two members of a party of French and Belgian explorers, but not until today were they able to traverse it completely.

They reported that their progress was extremely painstaking because of the gigantic rocks scattered throughout the cave, some of them the size of two-storey houses.

Though the middle ran a raging mountain torrent 12 to 16 feet wide, which they believed to be the same as the waters tumbling through the Cucuta gorge in the open several miles away.

They intend testing the theory when they return to their discovery next year, and if they can get the necessary special gear they intend to follow the course of the raging torrent themselves.

Before returning to the starting point of their exploration, a 9,000-foot mountain peak near the Franco-Spanish border, they named the cave "Salle Elisabeth Castet" after the deceased wife of a fellow cave explorer, Castet, who could not join the expedition because of his motherless children, two of whom were hurt recently in cave-exploring exploits.—Reuter.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Easing The Restrictions

THE latest announcement by the United States Department of Commerce concerning the embargo against Hongkong cannot fail to raise new hopes among the Colony's industrialists. Caution against over-optimism is counselled; it is even suggested that the relaxation of the restrictions amounts to little more than the freeing of goods ordered, loaded and shipped and then offloaded at American and other ports in consequence of the overnight embargo. Nevertheless the latest observations by Commerce Department officials, as quoted by United Press, appear to foreshadow a much more generous lifting of the restrictions. Of prime importance is the declaration of principle that the United States is willing to permit shipments to meet Hongkong's essential requirements. This solves half of the problem. It is precisely this policy principle which Hongkong has been urging on the United States authorities. It is the Colony's earnest desire not to lend itself to dealings with Red China which involve strategic material, and we believe we have demonstrated our integrity of purpose in this matter. But strategic and other raw materials are urgently required to sustain the Colony's industries and to prevent disruption of our internal economy. The United States remains the one country where the materials are available readily and in sufficient quantities for local requirements. Hence the concern caused by the American embargo. The latest official American announcement contains three new features. Firstly the United States is now satisfied that

certain strategic materials in certain quantities are essential to the "health, welfare and safety" of the Colony. Secondly Washington is prepared to give the green light to the shipment of raw materials which, it can be shown, are needed by and will be used by local industries for manufacturing purposes. Thirdly, that as a result, licences for "essential needs" will be more freely and readily granted. Hongkong appreciates this recognition of what it has all along regarded as legitimate claims, and we look forward to the rapid removal of the more pernicious aspects and effects of the embargo. Of wider significance in the American campaign to prevent strategic materials reaching Communist countries is the Battle Bill which is now being studied by Congress. While its good intentions are acceptable, it does contain certain features which give rise to apprehension. If fully implemented the Battle Bill could make all allied countries at present carrying on legitimate trade with Communists subservient to Washington to the extent that if the United States disapproved of the type of trade being conducted, American supplies vital to the Allied nation would cease. And the disconcerting possibility is that legislation of this type will be given rigid interpretation, detrimental to general interests. The more generous application of the current United States trading restrictions which has been promised Hongkong may well be discounted if the Battle Bill becomes legislation and is rigidly implemented. It is a measure the results of which may be more harmful than useful.

Wharfies On Strike

Sydney, Aug. 15.

Some 6,750 waterfront workers struck tonight in protest against the suspension of 758 stevedores for refusing to work at night loading the British freighter Imperial Star. The men were not expected to resume work before Monday.

Their walkout tied up work on 48 ships in Sydney harbour after the Stevedoring Board suspended workers for refusing to work from midnight until 7 a.m. Thursday on the British ship.—United Press.

Ambassador Dies

Buenos Aires, Aug. 15.

The Chinese Nationalist Ambassador, Chen Chieh, died here today. He had been Ambassador to Argentina since 1945 and had previously served as Ambassador to Germany, Brazil and Mexico.—United Press.

Meteorites Report

Teheran, Aug. 15.

Newspapers reported today that meteorites poured down from the sky near Shiraz on Monday, destroying 62 houses and killing 13 and injuring 19 persons.—United Press.

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MORRISON GETS UNDER FIRE OF 'PEACE' JOURNAL

Berlin, Aug. 15. Police headquarters said that a running battle developed tonight on the boundary between the Soviet and French sectors between hundreds of West Berliners and East Berlin people's police.

The West Berliners rushed over to the East sector side to rescue an unidentified man whom the Communists were alleged to have kidnapped.

One West Berliner said that East sector people's police attacked them with clubs and nailed pieces of wood. They had police dogs with them.

When the scuffle ended, the kidnapped man was free again. Several people were slightly injured.

One of the first groups of demonstrators carried a poster saying: "We come at the invitation of Reuter." The slogan was believed to refer to a recent speech by West Berlin's Mayor, Professor Ernst Reuter, in which

he invited participants in the Communist Youth Festival in East Berlin to "come and visit Free Berlin."

Earlier, over 6,000 blue-shirted East German youths marched into the French and American sectors of Berlin, following "Aml (Yank) go home."

West Berlin police charged them with truncheons, and broke them up with high pressure water jets from special anti-riot cars.

The demonstrations were "obviously" planned and organized, West Berlin Police Headquarters said. Many of the demonstrators hurled stones at the West Berlin police and at one place pulled a West Berlin policeman across the boundary.

West German police said that German people's police beat and kicked him and took away his pistol before his colleagues managed to free him.

Five West Berlin policemen were injured by stones and were given hospital treatment. Over 100 Communist youths were arrested.

Many of the demonstrators distributed Communist propaganda.

ROCKET LEAFLETS

At several points along the sector-boundary rockets went up from East Berlin, showering Communist peace leaflets over West Berlin.

The demonstrations started shortly before 5.00 p.m. local time. One hour later, the police said, everything was back to normal.

The West German police arrested one East Berlin people's policeman alleged to have crossed the sector boundary to aid the demonstrators.

West German police said that many of the demonstrators attacked them and took away their truncheons and helmets.

At one point a group of 3,000 East German youths tried to cross the sector boundary in formation, but West Berlin police drove them back with truncheons.

Some small groups managed to enter West Berlin for about 200 yards beyond the sector boundary, chanting Communist songs.

The police said that they would not have interfered if the 3,000-strong column had not been singing Communist songs and appeared to be planning a demonstration.—Reuter.

Hurricane Boiling Up

Miami, Aug. 15. The Weather Bureau today reported that the first hurricane of the 1951 season, with winds of 100 mph, had boiled up in the islands some 1,050 miles southeast of Miami and was moving in a northwest or west-northwesterly direction at about 15 miles an hour.

Reconnaissance aircraft from Miami located the storm at 11.30 a.m. at Lat. 14.7 north and Long. 69.9 west or about 70 miles east of Fort de France, Martinique. It was the second hurricane of the year but the first of the official tropical storm

New Bard Of The Royal Eisteddfod Of Wales



Twenty-five-year-old journalist, T. Glynn Davies, was crowned Bard by Archdruid Cynan at the Royal National Eisteddfod of Wales at Llanrwst recently. His poem "Ruins" was chosen from 29 entries. Glynn Davies is shown talking to the Archdruid after the crowning ceremony.

Big Spy Sweep In Germany Brings In "Clumsy Amateurs"

Frankfurt, Aug. 15.

The United States Army has tried and imprisoned nearly 60 Soviet and Czechoslovak spies in the past six months in the biggest espionage sweep of the Allied Occupation of Germany.

The drive started early this year and is continuing, with the object of providing the maximum security for the United States troop build-up here.

Anti-British Attack By Kashmir Head

New Delhi, Aug. 15. Sheikh Abdullah, chief Minister of Kashmir, broadcast over Srinagar Radio today expressing with plans for a Constituent Assembly despite Pakistan's protests because the Constituent Assembly "represents the instrument of the people's will" and "it is our inherent right of self-determination to give ourselves a constitution worthy of our national traditions and culture."

Warning against forcing a Security Council solution "which may create a situation full of explosive possibilities for peace and stability, not only in the sub-continent but in Asia and the world," Sheikh Abdullah attacked the British for creating "Pakistan as an extension of the Middle East bloc to meet the current colonial peoples' revolt against British policies, thereby halting the march of Asian people towards emancipation."

He sent messages of goodwill to "Asian nations engaged at present in fighting for their right of determination" and gave as instances the Iranians, Egyptians and other Middle East peoples whom he wished success in their "noble efforts" to "liberate their countries" from "exploitation by British interests".—United Press.

season in the Caribbean and South Atlantic areas. The first hurricane was a freak which hit east of the Florida coast and blew itself out in the North Atlantic in early June.—United Press.

West And East Berlin Police Get Into Running Battle On French Sector Border

London, Aug. 15.

The third issue of the Soviet English-language magazine "News", issued today, criticised Britain's Foreign Secretary, Mr Herbert Morrison, for seeming to interfere in Soviet internal affairs in his statement in the Communist Party newspaper, Pravda, last month.

"He makes the possibility of an improvement in Anglo-Soviet relations contingent upon issues that are purely the domestic affairs of the Soviet Union," News wrote.

The Soviet Government held the rule that the domestic affairs of other States did not concern its relations with those States.

The editorial said it felt justified in "questioning the sincerity of Western statesmen who profess they are anxious to improve relations with the Soviet Union but, at the same time, make such improvement conditional upon demands which concern purely internal affairs of the Soviet state—in other words, endeavour to interfere in its internal affairs."

The editorial said that opponents of an improvement in international relations "profess to discern in the publication of our magazine some sort of evolution or turn of change of line in the Soviet foreign policy. Others, contrarily, express dissatisfaction at finding no evidence of a change of line in the pages of our magazine."

"We must confess that both these attitudes surprise us. Why seek for signs of a change of policy by the Soviet Government at all and in our magazine of all things?"

"That policy needs no changing. We Soviet people firmly believe that our Government is pursuing a policy of peace and this conviction is founded not on blind confidence but on facts."

ARMED FORCES

Another article in the "News" inferred today that the Soviet Union has less than two and a half million men under arms.

In the article on the Soviet armed forces, quoted by Tass, the official Soviet news agency, Colonel I. N. Gavrilov, stated that the armed forces of the United States, Great Britain and France together totalled more than five million men.

"Hence already at that time the numerical strength of the

armed forces of these three Atlantic Pact countries was more than double that of the Soviet Union."

Colonel Gavrilov said that it was usually alleged that the Soviet Union had kept her armies at wartime strength while Britain and the United States had disbanded.

In rebuttal, he quoted Premier Stalin's statement in a Pravda interview on the demobilisation of the Soviet forces after the war. "The strength of the Soviet Union's armed forces—land, naval and air—today is approximately what it was in 1939 prior to the Second World War," he wrote.

"VERY MODERATE"

The Soviet Union, Colonel Gavrilov said, was not threatening or preparing to attack anyone. "It would gladly abolish its regular army and use the funds it is now obliged to spend on the maintenance of its armed forces for the further improvement of living standards, but in international conditions being what they are, it has to retain a basic minimum regular army sufficient for the defence of the frontiers."

This minimum force "must naturally be fully commensurate with the size of our territory and population and the vast extent of our land and sea frontiers."

"Measured by this, the strength of our Soviet Army must be regarded as very moderate," he said.

The argument that the Soviet forces were a threat to the Western world, Colonel Gavrilov concluded, was an argument to justify the armaments drive in the West, which was creating a real menace of another world war.—Reuter.

Her Slip Is Showing

Cairo, Aug. 15.

Under Islamic law every man is allowed to have four wives, but a young Cairo woman, Meshira Hassan Aboulo Hosn, reversed the process and took four husbands, the police said today.

Meshira married, in turn, a laundryman, a labourer, a grocer and a motor mechanic, and shuffled from one to another with explanations of visiting her mother or a sick aunt, the police said.

The deception was discovered, the police said, when husband No. Three was invited to dinner by No. Four, and got to his friend's house to find that his wife was the hostess.—Associated Press.

BRITAIN MEETS HER DEFICIT

London, Aug. 15.

Britain has repaid the European Payments Union no less than \$60,368,000 worth of gold in respect of her deficit for the month of July, the Treasury announced today.

Britain's deficit with the EPU for July equaled \$120,136,000. Half of this was settled by the repayment of gold and the other half by reducing the credit that Britain had previously granted to the Union.

This British deficit for July was the biggest on record for any country for one month except Germany's deficit of \$147,000,000 last October.

It was not far short of the deficit she was running just before the devaluation of Sterling in 1948.

Britain's gold reserves from which to meet such deficits is, however, nearly three times as big as it was two years ago.

Despite her deficits in the past three months, Britain is still the biggest creditor in the European Payments Union, for \$23,000,000.

Belgium has become the biggest recipient of gold but Belgium's creditor position at \$175,400,000 is second to Britain's.—Reuter.

Bid To Get Out Of Blind Alley

Bonn, Aug. 15.

Dr Konrad Adenauer, the West German Chancellor, plans to fly to Washington this autumn to negotiate with President Truman personally about Allied occupation costs, a spokesman for his party said today.

The spokesman, his Parliamentary Secretary Dr Erich von Brentano, said that no date had yet been fixed but the Chancellor reckoned to go about the end of October or shortly after.

Dr Adenauer has been invited by Mr Herbert Morrison, Britain's Foreign Secretary, to visit Britain this autumn. It was thought that the British visit would come first.

Dr von Brentano said that Dr Adenauer would also discuss with President Truman the replacement of the Occupation Statute by a system of treaties the raising of German troops for Western defence and the general economic situation, including the coal shortage.

Political observers here saw in Dr Adenauer's planned flight to the United States an attempt to escape from the blind alley into which the Western Allied-German relations have got in the last few weeks.—Reuter.

Argentine Meat Shortage!

Buenos Aires, Aug. 15.

Meat exports from the Argentine have been banned "for the time being," because of the shortage of local supplies, it was announced here today.

Giving details of the emergency instructions imposing the ban, meat packing plant officials said that the measure was expected to remain in force "just over a fortnight"—Reuter.

Extradition Demand By Poland

Stockholm, Aug. 15.

The Polish Ambassador today asked Sweden to extradite 12 mutineers from the Polish minesweeper HG-11 who have been granted asylum here as political refugees, the Swedish Foreign Office announced.

Earlier Sweden refused a request from the Polish Foreign Minister to hold the men in custody to prevent them from fleeing abroad, before Poland had filed a formal extradition request.

Replying, the Swedish Foreign Office said that Sweden's laws do not permit "conditional imprisonment."

Whether Sweden accepts or rejects today's extradition request, the men are expected to go free.

Their refugee status enables them to travel abroad and in similar cases other Western countries have offered refugees immediate entrance visas and passports.

For example, three Lithuanian fishermen were granted refugee status and left the country on the same day as Soviet Russia applied for their extradition.

MORE SEEK ASYLUM.

Three Poles walked into the police station at Karlshamn, South Sweden, today and asked for asylum as political refugees. They said they were three members of the crew of five of a Polish motor schooner which berthed in Karlshamn last night.

Their application is being considered by the Aliens Commission. The Poles' arrival brought the total number of refugees reaching Sweden from East Europe during the past month to 31.—Reuter.

Opium Caravan In Pitched Battle

Bangkok Aug. 15.

A 15-man police patrol fought an armed battle with an opium caravan in the vicinity of Chiangmai, a Thai holiday resort, recently.

The opium smugglers resisted with machine-guns and hand-grenades. After the police had shot their leader, they fled to the hills, leaving a quantity of opium behind.—Reuter.

Arabs To Attend Conference

Alexandria, Aug. 15.

An Arab League source said today the Arab states were expected to attend the Paris meeting of the Palestine Conciliation Commission on September 9.

He added that the Arab states wanted to prove their goodwill and their desire to co-operate and to implement the United States resolutions for partition of Palestine and repatriation of Arab refugees.—United Press.

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NEXT CHANGE "ONLY THE VALIANT"

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TAKE IT OR LEAVE IT: JAP TREATY

Mr Dulles Elaborates Specific Proposals In Final Version

Washington, Aug. 15.

Mr John Foster Dulles made it clear today that the nations attending the San Francisco peace conference would not be permitted to alter the text of the Japanese treaty made public in Washington and London.

PROPOSED REPLY TO SHVERNIK

Washington Aug. 15.

Ten American Senators urged the United States Congress today to go on record for "world disarmament" to offset Soviet Russia's Communist propaganda.

Senator Ralph Flanders (Republican, Vermont) offering the proposal on the Senate floor on behalf of himself and nine others called attention to the recent proposal by President Shvernik of the Soviet Republic for partial disarmament in answer to an American expression of friendship for the Soviet people.

He said that Mr Shvernik "again puts forward the disingenuous disarmament proposal which his Government has so often presented, namely that atomic weapons should be banned and other forms of weapons reduced."

What the Russians actually were proposing, the Senator said, was that the "United States should completely disarm in the weapons in which it was strongest while a proportional decrease should be negotiated in the elements of military power in which Russia is strongest."

"The final answer to such unending Soviet proposals is to be found in our project for complete disarmament," Mr Flanders said.

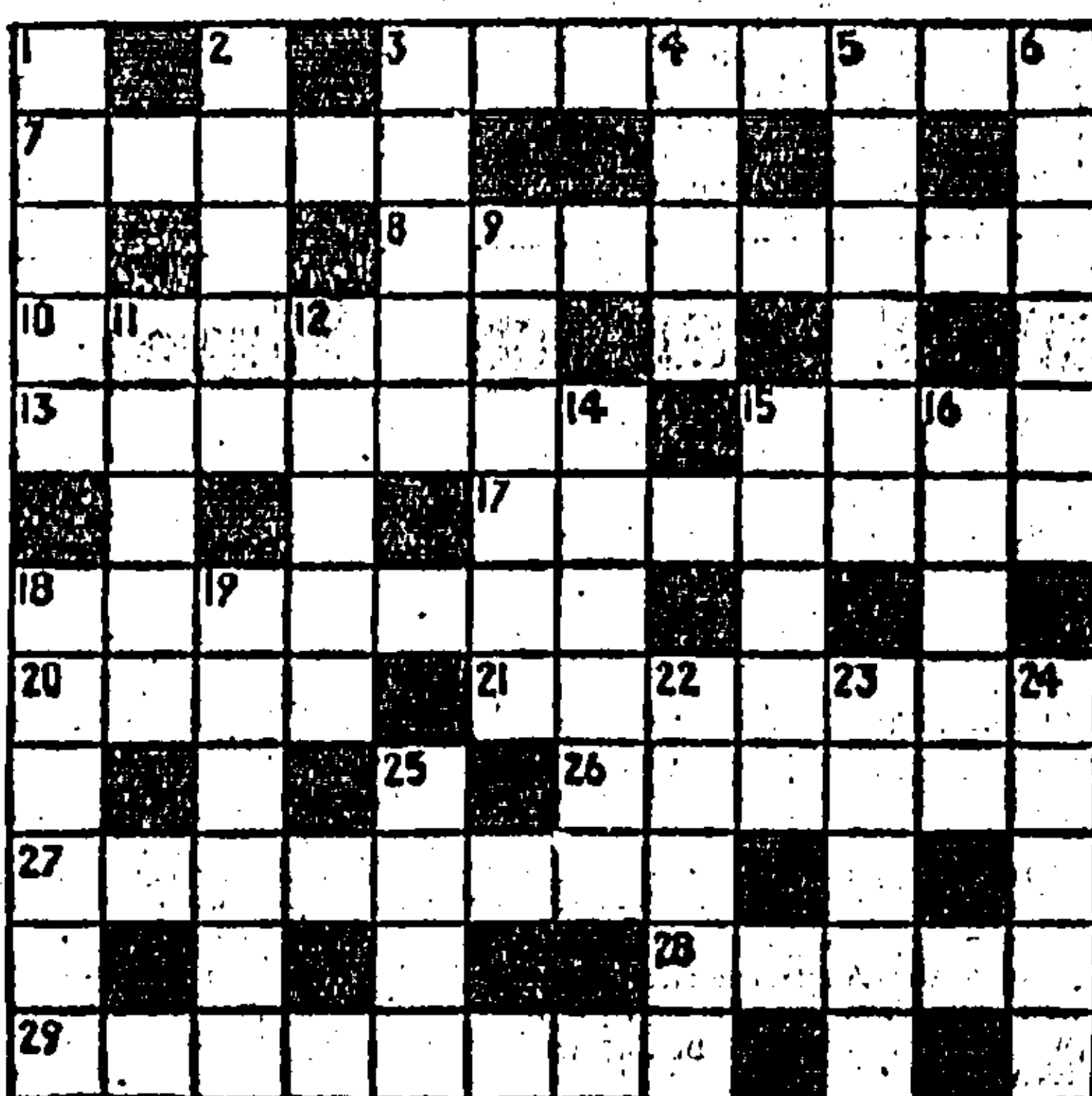
"The government which proposes that will be indubitably a government which seeks peace," he added.

Israeli Seeks New Cabinet

Jerusalem, Aug. 15.

The Israeli Premier David Ben-Gurion was re-elected by the State President, Chaim Weizmann, today when the formation of a new cabinet was discussed.—Associated Press.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 3 Sanctions (8).
- 7 Cook (5).
- 8 Giggles (8).
- 10 Material (6).
- 13 Diplomatic official (7).
- 15 Twofold (4).
- 17 Uttermost (7).
- 18 Chide severely (7).
- 20 Cruel meals (4).
- 21 Wayward (7).
- 23 Fruit (6).
- 27 Royal lady (6).
- 28 Best part (5).
- 29 Pieces of furniture (8).

DOWN

- 1 Fragrance (5).
- 2 Part of the body (5).
- 3 Top room (5).
- 4 Roll (4).
- 5 Moral excellence (6).
- 6 Rider's seat (6).
- 8 Exist in (6).
- 9 Speak (5).
- 12 Endures (5).
- 14 Makes an effort (6).
- 15 Reverse (5).
- 16 Courte (5).
- 18 Cut off (6).
- 19 Colour (6).
- 22 Flowers (5).
- 23 Impiled (6).
- 24 Cringe (5).
- 25 Deeds (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Damped, 5 Haste, 6 Dobar, 9 Serial, 10 Taint, 11 Meter, 12 Oats, 13 Facer, 16 Dupite, 18 Morrel, 20 Crepe, 22 Fall, 23 Psalm, 25 Solos, 26 Earned, 27 Secks, 28 Steed, 29 Storms. Down: 1 Despotie, 2 Maritime, 3 Edam, 4 Delects, 5 Hatful, 6 Arrarat, 7 Tonic, 14 Releaser, 16 Explosives, 18 Dressed, 19 Palace, 20 Oppose, 21 Road, 24 Mash.



A party of Birmingham nurses, relaxing from duty, in beautiful Lakeland, are rewarded after a long walk, by the vista of Derwentwater and Skiddaw from "Surprise View" on the Wetendath Road.

Chou En Lai Rejects Jap Peace Treaty: Basically Unacceptable

London, Aug. 15.

Communist China's Foreign Minister, Mr Chou En-lai, today rejected as "basically unacceptable" the proposed Japanese peace treaty to be signed in San Francisco next month, the New China News Agency reported tonight.

Peking Radio, heard in London, said that the Agency quoted Mr Chou En-lai as describing the treaty as "a draft which violates international agreements and is, therefore, basically unacceptable."

The Chinese Government considers, the Minister said, that "the conference which has been scheduled to meet on September 4 at San Francisco under the compulsion of the United States Government and which excludes the People's Republic of China, is a conference which repudiates international commitments and therefore basically cannot be recognised."

The statement added, "The United States is also compelling Japan as well as some of the states at war with Japan to accept a separate peace treaty that is favourable only to the United States Government."

ENTITLED TO VOICE

"The Chinese people and the Central People's Government, which they have founded are most legally entitled to have a voice and be a participant in the peace treaty with Japan," Mr Chou added.

"The act of the United States and British Governments in excluding the People's Republic of China and in adopting a host-

ile attitude towards the Chinese people can never be tolerated by the Chinese people but will be opposed by them with determination." — Reuter.

Brain Size

Not Always

An Advantage

Edinburgh, Aug. 15. The removal of part of a child's brain enhances intelligence rather than causes a decline, according to Dr O. L. Zangwill, a psychologist.

He told the British Association for the Advancement of Science at its concluding session here today about the first results of a new operation to remove half the brain as a possible cure for epilepsy and other mental disorders in children.

"These operations have shown that the intellectual level of children has risen," he said. Dr Zangwill said that the first 11 operations of this kind were carried out at the National Hospital in London on children whose ages ranged from four to 10.

Intellectually they varied from pre-morbid to only slightly below normal standard.—Reuter.

The Beauty Of The Lakes

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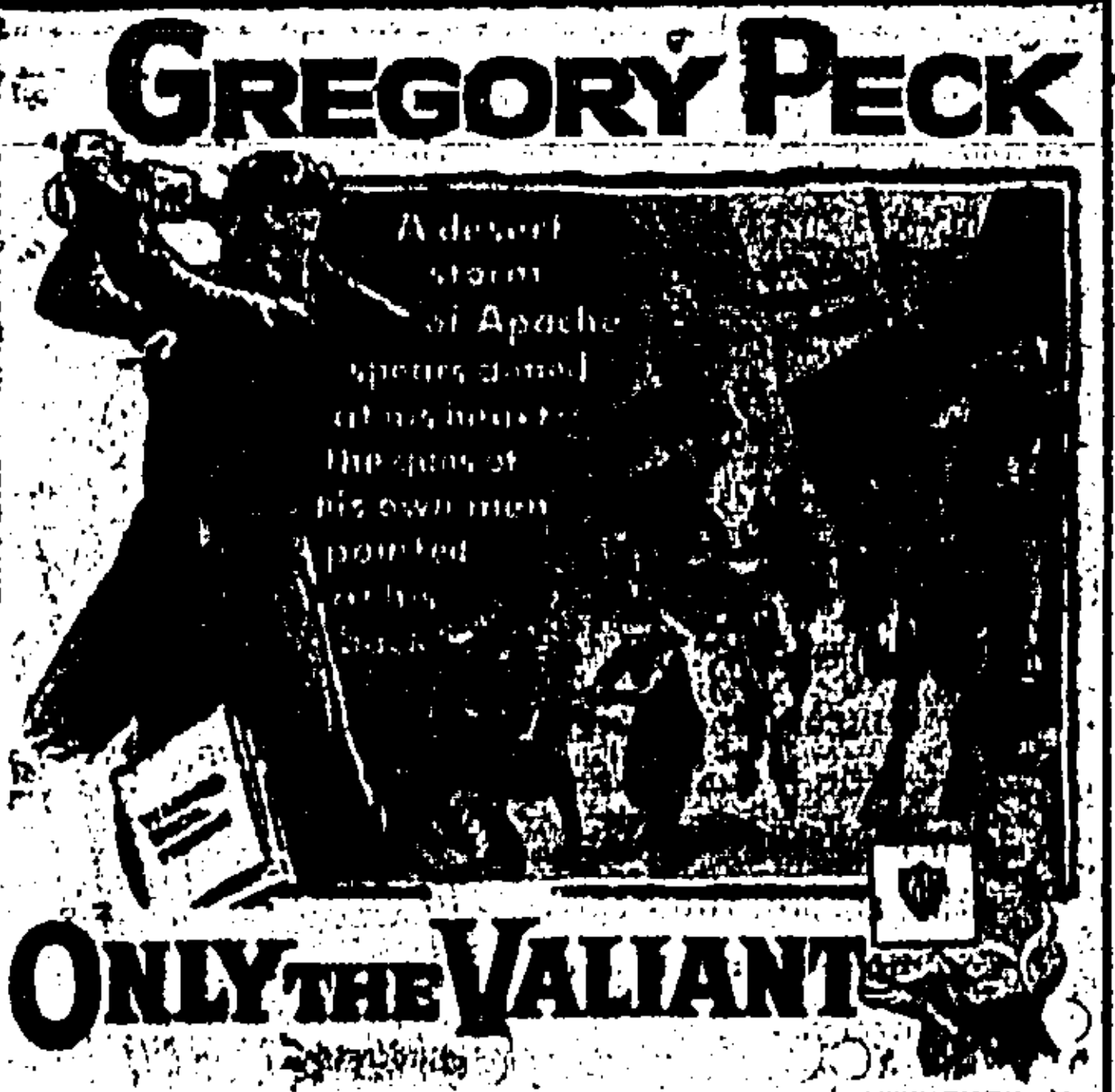


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SHOWING TO-DAY ALHAMBRA AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



COMMENCING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



Burma Entitled To Share Japanese Loot

Washington, Aug. 15.

The Far Eastern Commission today announced that it had voted to include Pakistan and Burma among the nations entitled to share in unidentified looted property in Japan. Under earlier FEC policy decisions, unidentified property looted by Japan from other countries during the war was sold and the proceeds placed in a secured fund for eventual distribution among Australia, China, France, India, the Netherlands, the Philippines and the United Kingdom.

When Pakistan and Burma subsequently became members of the Commission, the FEC announced today, they indicated their interest in the disposition of the secured fund and asserted their right to share in it on the same basis—the fact of having been looted—as that of the original seven countries.

"Recently these two countries formally proposed that the list of countries be amended and the Commission has now voted to adopt their proposal."

The FEC said a directive to include the two countries among the looted nations had been sent to General Matthew Ridgway. "In the case of most policy decisions of the Far Eastern Commission, a directive would be forwarded to the Supreme Commander for Implementation," said the statement. "In this case, however, the chief purpose of the directive is simply that of information."

The FEC explained that no deduction of the secured fund had yet been made because the recipient nations had not been able to agree among themselves as to how the fund should be shared.—United Press.

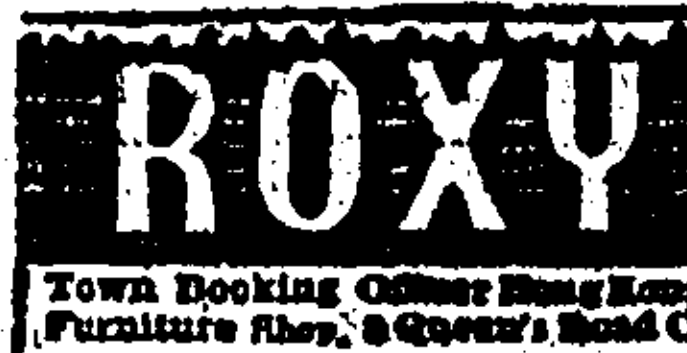
Re-Interment Of Nijinsky

Nice, Aug. 15.

The world's most famous dancer, Nijinsky, is to be re-buried this year in the Montmartre cemetery of Paris, the last resting place of many of the greatest international artists.

This was announced here today by the ballet dancer, Serge Lifar, who has tried to find him a truly suitable burial ground in Paris.

Through the French Government's Fine Arts Ministry, Lifar has at last found the right spot—in the same area, in which rest such great composers as Berlioz, Offenbach and Halévy, great poets like Heinrich Heine and Alfred de Vigny and literary figures like Marie Du-



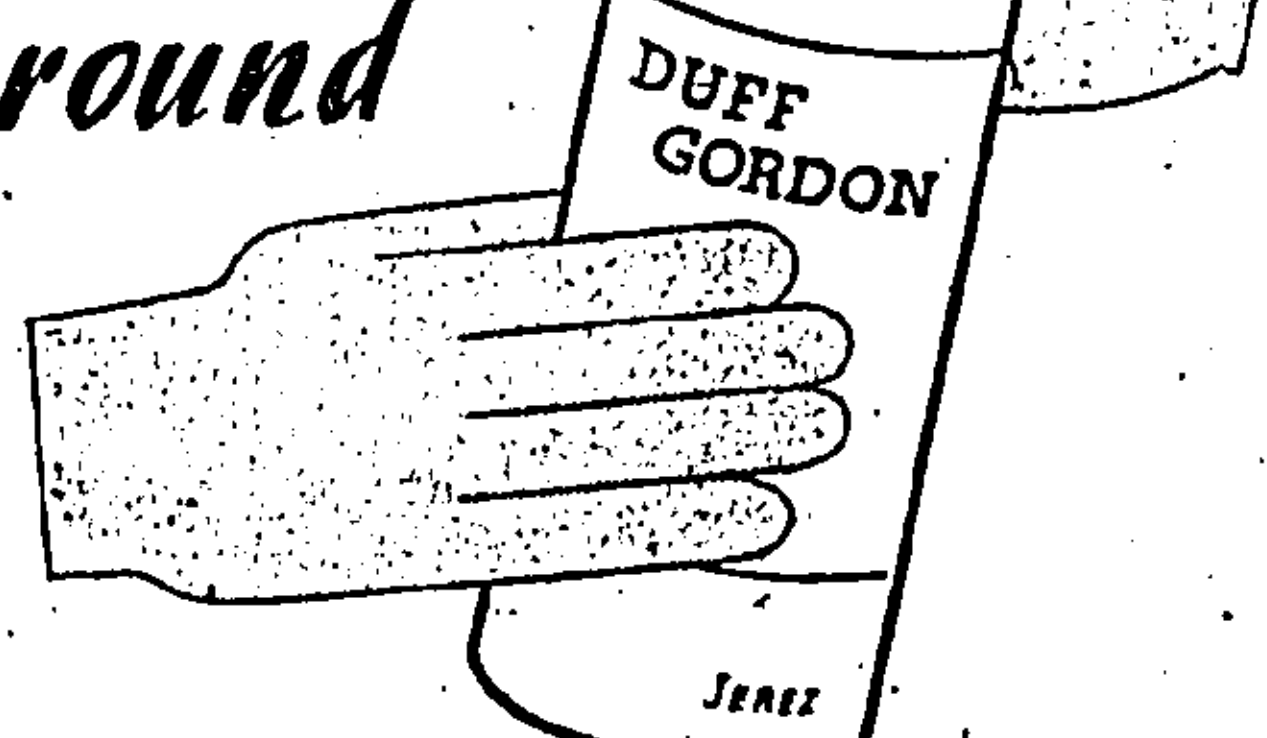
ROXY ADDED LATEST MOVIE NEWS, FEATURING WHAT IS HAPPENING BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN



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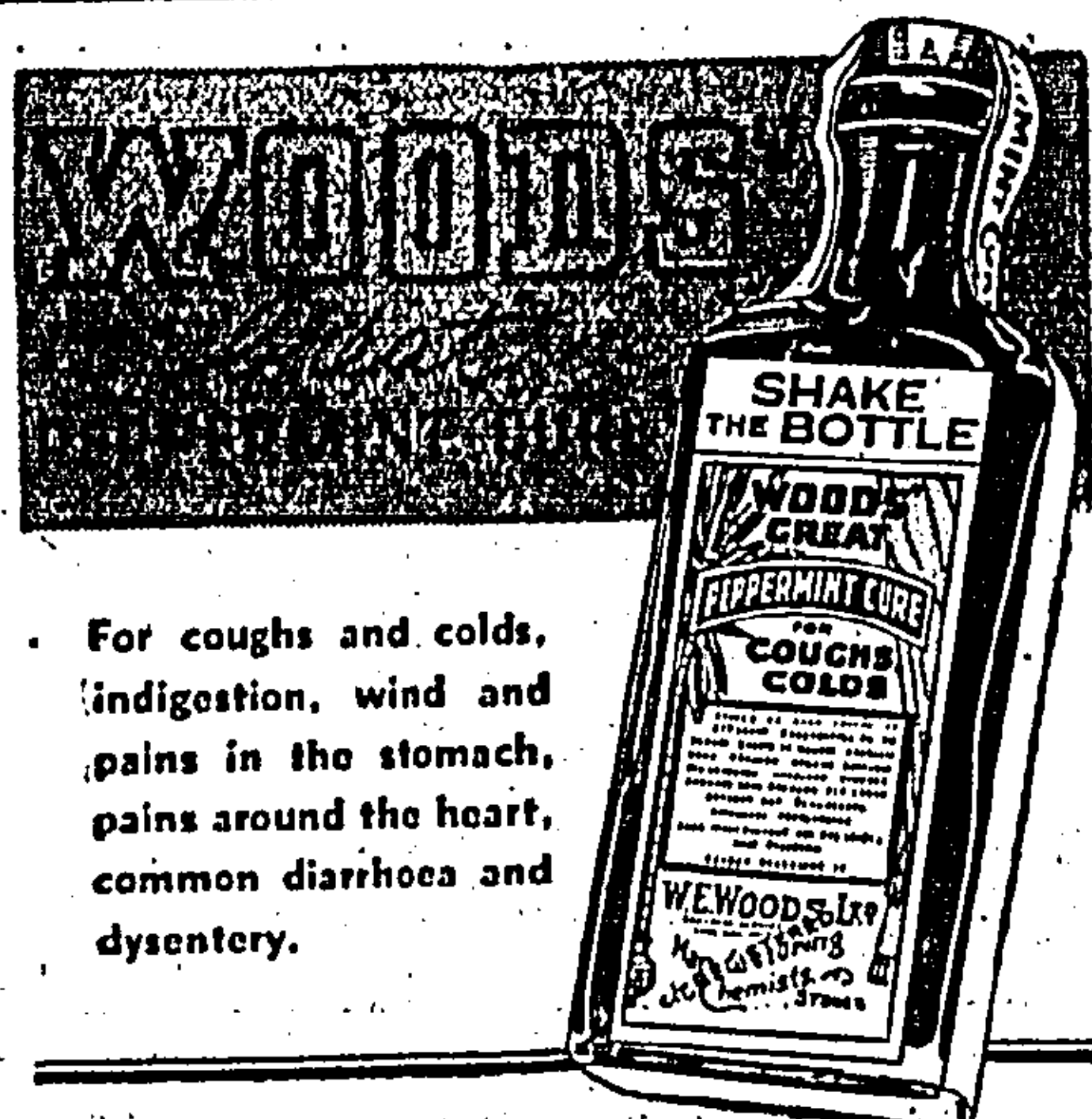


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Holiday cricket

London Express Service

DON IDDON'S DIARY

WELCOME to Anthony Eden, the Americans say, and some ask penetrating questions. Why does Great Britain stagger from one financial crisis to another? Does Britain intend to pay back to the United States the 1945 loan? If so, please explain the report that she will waive interest payments at the end of this year.

Mr Eden, now touring the United States, could, of course, remind his questioners that Britain has been carrying the Socialist Government on her back for several years, but he would not do it. He is abroad, and will not criticise his country's Government on foreign soil, however friendly.

So he is stressing the sacrifices at home and the long pull since the war, and, because of his dignity and statesmanship, personal charm, and brilliant record, he is winning friends and conquering criticism. But the questions keep cropping up in the editorial columns of the newspapers, on radio programmes, and in the public forums.

We are called upon for an explanation and Mr Shinwell and his musket have not helped a great deal.

'Wake up, Europe'

American business men, back from abroad, say to me: "Why don't they wake up in Europe? They will all have to work a lot harder—harder and harder than Americans—improve their salesmanship, regain their pride, become financially independent."

Some say: "The unions and the Welfare State are making many people bone idle—they need a real dressing-down."

Even old Tom Connolly, the Senator from Texas, usually a reliable Truman wheel-horse, is in revolt. To the deep embarrassment of the President and the E.C.A., old Tom has belatedly: "The U.S. can't support the whole free world and remain solvent." And many here repeat Connolly's words.

Of course, everything is happening to make people irritable, particularly in New York.

This is too much

The wholesale dismissals of cadets at West Point (the American Sandhurst) for a violation of their honour code by cheating at examinations has dismayed Manhattan. Now, cribbing at examinations does not seem a major crime, but New Yorkers are aghast.

They have shrugged their shoulders over refrigerators, deep-freezers, and milk coats being handed around among friends of the White House. They have merely raised their eyes at the reports of graft and corruption among City officials. They have been nonchalant about dope-peddling, gangster-killings, and defence-profiteering, but cheating during examinations at exalted West Point, the nation's No. 1 military college—this is too much.

People are ashamed. I hope they will not take the matter too much to heart. Better to concentrate on more pressing problems, such as the sad state of New York City.

The fine promise shown by Mayor Impollitter has not been fulfilled. Tupp's supporters say with sorrow that the mayor is knocking himself out attending social

America applauds Mr Eden, speaker for Britain, and Mr. Morrison, writer to Russia

NEW YORK, TUESDAY

functions, opening bazaars, kissing babies, posing for pictures, accepting plaques, greeting celebrities, and inscribing photographs.

Police upset

Certainly there are more important jobs, for him, to tackle. New York's policemen threaten a strike, and do wonder. The pay of many patrolmen is a mere 50 dollars a week—about £18. This is a starvation salary in this city and mass meetings are being held and police unions planned.

If the police do walk out, I dread to think what will happen.

There is also another involved to do about the air-raid warnings. People have tired of the sirens' blasts and walls at noon each Saturday, so now we are to have the drills every other Friday at 31 a.m.

Confused by these charades, I plan to spend each Friday out of the Metropolis.

A generous friend has lent me a cottage at Westhampton, Long Island, for a day or two each week during August. It is little more than a chicken coop or a shack, but it is equipped with fine American plumbing and kitchen equipment and it is on the ocean.

Westhampton is a pleasant little town and apparently loaded with dollars. The streets are bright with gleaming convertible cars, shiny saloons, and port British sports models. All the Hampdens—Westhampton, Southampton, Easthampton, Hampton Bays, Long Island seem to have a mint of money. This is becoming America's Cote d'Azur and is dedicated to idling, drinking, sunning, swimming, gambling, drinking, sailing, fishing, dancing and—drinking. The town seems 'pro-British, and there are many cars bearing G.B. signs whose owners are about as British as a hot-dog. Every one, however, means well and, astonishingly, Mr Herbert Morrison is the hero of the hour at the Hampdens—at least at the parties I've been to.

Morrison praised

The idlers think Herbert pulled off a major political coup and a major journalistic scoop by getting into the columns of Pravda. Morrison, largely unknown in the United States, is receiving plaudits all round, and American editors pay tribute to the cub columnist.

In no way is Westhampton or Southampton representative American. It is for the glided few or those lucky enough to have a cottage lent them by a kind friend.

I hope these remarks will not provoke the gifted composer Vivian Ellis to anger. Mr Ellis wrote me last week: "I have to point out that as regards there being enough to eat in England, this may apply to hotels and restaurants for those who can afford them. The peasantry, of meat per week—just try it. We get one

most to get dollar-expendng customers to Britain and make them want to stay there? Not on your life, Mr Ellis.

At least we are showing energy and enterprise in entertainment. Our stars are talented that Broadway and Hollywood seek them out.

Mel Ferrer flies to England soon to beg and beseech Sir Laurence Olivier to play "The Life of Shakespeare," which Ferrer has just completed. Says Ferrer: "Olivier is the only actor in the world capable of playing Shakespeare as Shakespeare should be played." I hope Sir Laurence will accept.

Rex Harrison, Robert Morley, Leo Genn are all being wooed for plays here.

There is talk of bringing "Waters of the Moon" and its stars Edith Evans, Sybil Thorndike, Wendy Hiller over here.

Danny Kaye says he won't be going to England for two years. "If you go back too often the kick is lost, and, besides, you have to gather a lot of new material." Kaye plans a big American tour and an ambitious television show.

Straw-hat circuit

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS who will be Anthony Eden's host during Mr Eden's Hollywood visit, intends to revive his father's best films on both cinema and television screens. Fairbanks and Eden are old friends.

Many of the stars are now touring the straw-hat circuit and appearing in the summer theatres. The Bennett girls Constance and Joan are proving a big draw. At our local theatre in Westhampton is Burgess Meredith. Last week Arthur Treacher was the lead.

FOOTNOTE (and indention note). The sequel "You Can't Take It With You" is "You Can't Even Keep It While You're Here."

Land of noise and camp fires

BAD ISCHL, Austria.
HAVE you ever wondered what the world would be like if nobody ever grew up? Well, you should come to this green valley with a funny name high in the pine-covered mountains of Austria. Then you'd find out.

Fifteen thousand Boy Scouts are having a jamboree here. You never saw so many bare knees and happy faces in your life. And you never heard such a noise, either.

Bugles blow madly from dawn to dusk. The Scottish Scouts have brought their bagpipes. The Finnish Scouts have a brass band just behind my tent, and they started up in the morning at half-past six.

The Austrian boys have an other brass band that goes into action whenever the Finns feel tired. The Germans have brought 60 guitars with them, and every boy in the camp seems to have a Jew's harp.

Apparently almost the entire world's supply of Jew's harps comes from a small village near here, so the instrument has been chosen as the official symbol of the jamboree.

BERNARD WICKSTEED
visits the Boy Scouts World Jamboree

and in almost every jamboree moun.

You can buy them for 7d. in the camp, and it is a twang-twang this and a twang-twang that all day long.

The parents' of 42 nations are going to be pretty tired of Jew's harps when their boys come home from here.

If you can hear the noise, would you like to take a walk round the camp and look at the people who will be running the world in 20, 30 and 40 years from now?

There are acres of white tents, orange-coloured tents, green tents and brown tents—all with their flags and pennants fluttering in the breeze.

Did you see the film "Henry V"? Well, it's just the same as that here at night. There are nearly a thousand camp fires, round which boys sit and talk and sing, or else gaze at the flames in silent thought.

The big difference is that they have not got to go into battle tomorrow. They will swap stamps and badges instead.

We will start our tour at the market place, where there are little wooden shops selling goods for barter, such as flags, knives, badges, sweets without coupons and, of course, Jew's harps.

Except that no one here is over 18 years of age, it is just like an Oriental bazaar, with its seething mass of different-coloured people all talking at once in their own languages.

Just behind the market is an enormous pile of poles, carried down from the mountain forests. It took the Austrians two years to accumulate the pile, and there was a touch of genius behind the idea.

Because if there is one way of keeping 15,000 boys happy for a week it is to give them axes and lots of wood.

They swarm on the timber like ants and drag away the poles—10ft. and 20ft. long—to their camp to build bridges over imaginary torrents, fences to keep away fictitious lions, and numerous rickety structures tied together with string.

The Welsh boys have made kind of pit-head winding gear, and the English boys have gone in for sky-larks in a big way.

There are at least four wooden sky-larks scattered around the camp, and during a mountain thunderstorm, one day they were gleefully popped off.

Last time I camped out was with the new immortal Gloucester.

ters on Korea. I remember that one night we built a great fire at the foot of the mountains and sat round talking of home, and fern, and war.

Now, here I am, sitting round another camp fire at the feet of another mountain with another lot of Gloucesters.

But what a difference! For these Gloucesters are all Boy Scouts, without a thought of war or fern in their minds, and they are having such a wonderful time at this world jamboree that I doubt if they are thinking of home much, either.

They are far more concerned of the moment in learning how to carry firewood on their heads. That's the way their camp neighbours, the Sudanese boys, do it.

"It is a super trick, because you can carry twice as much wood that way as you can by hand," and the boy Gloucesters are determined to master it before going home.

One of the great problems here is finding good turns to do every day. As you know, the Scout has to do his daily good turn, and when you get 15,000 of them all looking for a good deed to do, you have to start taking in each other's washing.

The nearest solution I have come across is to say to a scout: "If you take my photograph for me, I'll take yours."

It does seem a pity that we never grow up!

Group Captain HUGH DUNDAS
continues his survey. How
Tough Is The Task of the West?

Get these wonderful planes into the air...

TWO factors could balance the frightening 10-1 disparity in strength between the ground forces of East and West—power in the air, might on the sea.

In ships Britain and the US have a clear advantage. But the kind of navy Russia is building—mostly submarines (now around 300) and destroyers (now around 100)—can best be tackled from the air.

Air power may prevent a war. Air power, if anything, could win it for us. Let us see what the West is up against.

Russia has a force of 10,000 warplanes, and about one-fifth of these are modern jets. The proportion rises every month as modernised factories swing into their stride. Output from these plants is around 750 planes a month. Soon the Russians will be building 12,000 a year.

And they are good planes—as good as anything we are building in the West. They have the MIG15 now in quantity production. In speed, climb, and armament it rivals anything in the West. They have two newer fighter types, which we shall soon hear about, the La.17 and Yak.10.

TWIN-JET

They have a twin-jet tactical bomber—the Tu.16—built for the same role as our Canberra. It is going into squadrons fast.

They have many squadrons of piston-engined heavy bombers and a four-jet one on the way.

Those are the ingredients—good stuff from top to bottom. At the present rate of production it will not be long before planes of this calibre form the greater part of Russia's 19,000-strong air war fleet.

What is the Western antidote to this Red air might? I would say that the RAF has between 700 and 800 jet fighters based in Britain and on the Continent. Nearly half of those are in squadrons of the Royal Auxiliary Air Force.

France has little more than 200 jet fighters. Belgium, Holland, Denmark, and Norway perhaps 300 between them.

Italy has a skeleton force of jets, but most of her fighters are piston-engined planes.

So, without US contribution the European countries could put up a defensive force of around 1,200 jet planes, half of which, those in Fighter Command, are rightly or

wrongly reserved for the defence of this country. On top of this, the Americans have between 200 and 300 fighters this side of the Atlantic.

Now what have we got to hit back with? I would not estimate the front-line strength of RAF Bomber Command's heavy planes—at much more than 100, plus a token force of twin-engined Mosquitos.

Coastal Command? Probably even weaker, numerically, than our bomber force.

Transport Command? I think a figure of 200 planes might be an optimistic estimate.

That, in effect, is all the bomber, coastal, and transport planes Western Europe can muster.

NOT NEW

No one could feel too confident about that general situation, particularly as the fighters—British Vampires and Meteors, or US Shooting Stars and Thunderjets—are not of the newest design.

But there is a good side as well as a bad to this balance sheet.

We in Britain, have some wonderful new planes and engines coming along. Already this summer the Vickers firm has flown and put into production the "Swift" fighter and a new four-jet bomber.

Within two months I expect to hear of three more up-to-the-minute fighters, and one or two new jet Age bombers, powered by engines which lead the world in size and quality.

The US Government is interested in producing some of these engines and at least one of the planes, as well as the twin-jet Canberra.

On the Continent, particularly in France and Italy, planning is at last giving way to production. If these countries fulfil their programme the situation will look much brighter in two years' time.

MOST IMPORTANT

I have kept the most important asset—American air power—until last. The USAF, with a high standard of morale and professional skill, is expanding at sensational speed.

Look at the figures. Last December it had 58 wings (three squadrons per wing) and 600,000 men. By last April there were 81 wings and 700,000 men. Soon after the turn of the year there will be 95 wings and more than 1,000,000 men.

True, even then the West will be numerically worse off than the East. But the proportion will be nearer what is needed to ensure that a defender can hold off attack while building up his own offensive.

• **50¢** **Smoking** **his** **last**
Richard **of** **the** **Miss**
Parson

— **Golden Square Service** —

Again The World Hears They're Off Across The English Channel!

By F.G. PRINCE-WHITE

A little before the dawn today a sudden blaze of light set scared seagulls screaming along the stretch of French coast that faced Dover.

To watchers on the English shore it was the signal that the Daily Mail International Cross-Channel Swimming Race was about to begin.

In the midst of that illumination 13 men and seven women, champions of a dozen nations, were assembled on the beach at Cap Gris-Nez, submitting themselves to their trainers' final preparations—to the greasing all over with lanolin and the donning of goggles and close-fitting caps.

Then, with the bang and hiss of a signal rocket, a concerned leap into the sea, a roar of "good luck" cheering from thousands of French spectators, and the swimmers were making their first strokes toward the unseen white cliffs of Dover—on a straight line only 21 miles but the action of tides and the vagaries of currents may extend it, for the swimmers, to as much as 43 miles.

10 NATIONALITIES

The 20 competitors, representing Argentina, Canada, Denmark, Egypt, France, Great Britain, Iceland, Greece, Peru, and Sweden, were selected from 165 entrants of 23 nationalities. For weeks past they have been training at Folkestone, mainly at the Open-Air Swimming Pool, headquarters of the race. The prizes total £7,000. The first man, and the first woman "home" will each be awarded £1,000, and three will be £500 for the man, and also for the woman, finishing second. For every other competitor who completes the course there will be an award of £250.

Ten of this year's competitors for the Blue Riband of world swimming have already successfully swum the Channel—eight of them in last year's Daily Mail Race.

All of them will be out to beat the record established last year by Hassan Abd el Rehman, an Egyptian army officer, when he won in 10hr. 40min.

Channel Race Due To Start This Morning

Wissant, France, Aug. 15.

It was officially announced today that the Daily Mail Channel swim race from France to England will start from Cap Gris Nez at 06.30 GMT on Thursday morning.

Twenty contestants were warned during a last-minute briefing today that arriving on the English Coast during the night would be "somewhat depressing." "But keep swimming to the end," advised the Daily Mail representative during the briefing, which swimmers, trainers and newspapermen attended.

GRABBING OPPORTUNITY

The organisers told the trainers that they should keep a "very close eye" on their swimmers to avoid possible accidents. The organisers said they realised that it is more difficult for swimmers to leave in the morning and arrive on the other side at night. "But we have to grab this opportunity of good seas and good wind while we can," said Kenneth George of the Mail staff.

A special bus will take the swimmers along the six-mile road to Cap Gris Nez early on Thursday morning, to a floodlit enclosure on the beach at the starting point.

Each swimmer will have a few yards allotted to him inside the enclosure where he will be free to do as he pleases—either rest or chat to other contestants.

The enclosure will be surrounded by heavy police guard and the public will not be allowed to come near. The swimmers will line up along the beach and a pistol shot will signal the start of the cross-Channel race.—United Press.

"IN GRAND FORM"

Dover, Aug. 15. Rockett Jones, the training supervisor, reported today from Cap Gris Nez that all 20 competitors for the Channel swim are in "grand form."

"Good luck" telegrams are pouring in from all over the world.

Today, the Egyptian swimmers, Hassan Abd el Rehman, Khaled Hassan Kammar, and Said El Araby received a message from their Prime Minister, Nasser Pasha.

This afternoon sunny skies and calm seas were reported on both sides of the Channel.—Reuter.

The desk of organising the race is one of immense difficulty. It means, in the first place, assembling, fitting out, manning, and directing a sea-borne expedition comprising several large motor-yachts and more than 60 launches and smaller craft.

This "fleet" is for competitors, trainers, wireless operators, officials, Pressmen of many nations, BBC and Dominion and foreign radio commentators and technicians, newscasters and newspaper cameramen, and tons of apparatus and equipment.

FRENCH GIVE WILLING HELP

It means securing the co-operation of the French authorities in preparing and enclosing a stretch of the beach at Cap Gris-Nez, in fixing batteries of high-powered lamps round this enclosure and stationing search-lights off-shore to bear upon the swimmers and their accompanying pilot-boats as they set out, in providing a guard of gendarmes to keep back too-enthusiastic onlookers.

It means victualling the Channel Race "fleet" with sufficient food and drink to last 400 persons 24 hours. It means establishing a round-the-clock medical and first-aid service for all afloat as well as for the swimmers.

It means procuring up-to-the-second weather information from all quarters, including ships in mid-Atlantic, for the weather project depends on the weather.

The possibility of postponement, perhaps from day to day, has to be provided for. So have sudden and unpredictable changes in the swimming conditions during the race. The arrangements for what might occur are even more detailed than those for what ought to take place.

NERVE-CENTRE

The nerve-centre of the whole organisation today is in the 115ft. long, 450hp. motor-yacht Ginnasal. This is the Control Ship—the "flagship" of the Channel Race Fleet, Captain Douglas Magub, former Trinity House senior pilot, possessor of more than 40 years' intimate experience of the Channel, its intricate tides and currents, and its peculiar moods.

Captain Magub will be constantly in touch with every unit of his command by wireless, for every boat will carry a Pye "walkie-talkie" set.

The Ginnasal will also be in communication at all times with the shore by Marconi Marine wireless telegraph and telephone. A Marconi radio officer and engineer will be in charge of this installation, which will be available to Press representatives.

Press photographers will be able to develop their plates in a specially constructed dark-room in the ship, and then have them radio-transmitted by General Electric Company experts.

Any accident or sudden illness during the race will be dealt with immediately, for the Ginnasal will have on board Dr James Hall, of Deal (who gained fame in the war as "the Lifeboat Doctor" because of the many times he went out with the crew of the Walmer lifeboat, to attend sick and wounded seamen), and Professor C. A. Farnett, a surgeon with a universal reputation. He was formerly Professor of Surgery at St Mary's Hospital, London.

They will have a fully equipped surgery at their disposal, and in addition there will be a sick-bay, with members of the St John Ambulance Corps from Dover in attendance.

RADIO-SHIP

A Decca radio ship, the m.v. Navigator, will accompany the Ginnasal, and will be able at any moment to pinpoint the exact position of every swimmer, and the race and report it to the Commodore.

BBC commentators and television newscasters, with technicians and a considerable amount of apparatus, will follow the race on several boats, and there will be broadcasts at frequent intervals throughout the day in Home, Light, Overseas, European, and North American services programmes. The National Broadcasting Corporation of America are also "covering" the race.

Last year competitors crossed the Channel from Dover to the starting point at Cap Gris-Nez on the night of the race, this time they were taken across two days ago and accommodated, with their trainers, in an hotel booked entirely for them by The Daily Mail.

WORK, NOT 'SCREAMING,' WINS TITLES Says FRED PERRY

The main tennis season has closed in England. Holiday tennis takes the place of real championship tournaments, so now is a good time to review the past season and future prospects.

One fact is most evident. Britain must not only find young players to take the place of the present leaders, but having found them, they must be given the same chance of improvement as their contemporaries from overseas.

If it is intended to play tennis merely as a game then Britain must not screen too tightly when home players are beaten with such monotonous regularity.

WELL DONE

I think too much is expected of the present English players, particularly the men. Both Geoff Posh and Tony Mottram deserve immense credit for a job well done since the war.

Posh, a "business man first and a tennis player afterwards," has acquired himself with distinction in some good company. Mottram has had some good wins. However, he is not a world beater and never will be. The sooner we realise that the better.

The same is true about the women. But here, if we disregard the Americans, few countries can boast better.

The Lawn Tennis Association have saved a rebuilding programme. Not only have they sent Miss P. E. Ward and Miss H. Fletcher to the USA with the Wighman Cup team but they have recently included Miss S. Partridge and Miss A. Shillcock in a team of youngsters for a trip through Western Europe.

VALUABLE EXPERIENCE

Neither the team for the Wighman Cup nor the team to Western Europe will set the world on fire. But all these young players will gain valuable experience.

I wish all English players the best of luck, and close with this reminder:

It takes 10 years to make a champion. Ten years of hard work, giving up everything except tennis.

—(London Express Service)

Final Acceptors For The Ebor Handicap

London, Aug. 15. Thirty-three final acceptors, with weights, for the Ebor Handicap, to be run over a mile and three-quarters at York on Wednesday, August 22, were published today as follows:

Dark Warrior (9 stone, 3 pounds), Star Spangled Banner (9 stone, 2 pounds), Proud Scot (9 stone), Collibride (8.11), Blitter Street and Philanthrop (8.0), Teller (7.10), Mush and Holmbush (8.0), Belsay Castle (8.5), Exodus and Royal Entrance (8.1), Royal Lion and Blithburgh (7.13), Knarredale, Waterbury and Sporting Offer (all 7.11), Thirsktown (7.9), Heliophila (7.0), Chlamyscoe (7.7), Bob (7.5), Royal Macclesfield and Caporetta (7.4), Brumfield, Viduban and Silvern Gram (all 7.3), Culgath (7.2), Forget, Bright Faith and Djemil (all 7.1), Melek (6.12), Quixote and Tynedale (both 6.10 pounds).—Reuter.

GOODWOOD CUP WINNER



M. E. Constant's Pan II (Poincelot up), winning the Goodwood Cup by eight lengths. — Central Press Photo.

FORMATION PREDICTED OF A EUROPEAN FOOTBALL CUP COMPETITION

London, Aug. 15.

The formation of a European Football Cup or Championship competition, either with or without Britain's participation, is predicted by a writer in the English Football Association's official year book for the 1951-52 season.

Stressing that the problems of organising such a competition are considerable, the article comments: "Some have suggested that a prototype competition might be started, limited to 'B' internationals. But there is the larger question of precisely which European countries should be included."

"Could the countries of Eastern Europe, including Russia, take part, or would travelling distances and other difficulties make this impossible?"

BRITISH VIEW

Discussing Britain's outlook on the project, the article states that the main objection is that the programme is already overloaded.

"With 40 odd matches to play during the season, and with the recurrent problems of releasing players for international matches, league clubs are already hard put to it to field a consistent side."

"If, instead of having to find players for three or four international matches a season, they had the commitment of a regular international competition, probably including more extensive travelling, their task might become impossible."

It adds: "This is certainly a weighty objection and there is also much to be said against destroying the British Home Championship, which forms such an integral part of the traditional pattern of each winter's fixtures."

One possible form of competition, the article suggests, may be an international tournament each May in which the two top clubs in the English Football League's Division I and II would play corresponding continental clubs.

Whether or not Britain ultimately elected to participate in such a tournament, or in a fully representative European Cup, was a decision that could not be reached "without the most diligent consideration."—Reuter.

Scottish Cup Soccer

London, Aug. 15.

The following were the results of Scottish League Cup football matches played today:

DIVISION 'A'	
Airdrieonians	1 Celtic
Dundee	2 Hearts
Hibernian	0 Motherwell
Queen of South	1 Dundee
Rangers	2 Aberdeen
Rathfriland	2 St. Mirren
Stirling Albion	0 Partick
Third Lanark	2 Morton
DIVISION 'B'	
Ayr United	0 Dunfermline
Alloa Athletic	2 Queen's Park
Forfar Athletic	2 Kilmarnock
Hamilton Academical	1 Dundee
St. Johnstone	1 Arbroath

ROYAL H.K. DEFENCE FORCE ORDERS

Serial No. 33. Orders by Lieut-Colonel J.G. Fisher, MBE, Commandant, Royal Hongkong Defence Force. Dated August 14, 1951.

Force Headquarters

Obituary. The Commandant deeply regrets to announce the death of Lieut. O.P. Hindmarsh, HKRNV, on August 7, 1951.

Depot Training. Squads A36, A37—Miniature range competition. Squads A38—Rapid firing. PWT. 1. Sniping and rapid firing. Squad A39—PWT. 2. Firing a shot. Miniature range, grouping. Squads A40, A41—Lying position and kneeling. Aiming 1, range and figure targets.

Move of Headquarters RHKDF. The move to the new Headquarters (HKKDF) Valley will commence on Friday, August 24. A temporary telephone system will be in operation on Saturday August 25. The permanent lines will operate on Monday, August 27, with the change in the present system of numbering.

Intelligence Unit Training. HQ Section—Advanced and new course. Tuesday, August 21. Lecture—staff duties. Advanced Section—Tuesday, August 22. Weapon training. Section II. Section—Wednesday, August 23. The following training films will be shown in the lecture room at 10.30 a.m.

St. John Ambulance Orders

Order by Comm. A. el Arculli, O.B.E., K. St. John Ambulance, District Order No. 33/51 dated August 16, 1951.

Ambulance Duties. Kowloon—20.5.51 to 20.5.51. Kowloon—20.5.51 to 20.5.51. Division 1, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Mong Kok Division—Saturday, August 18, 2 p.m. Repulse Bay, 11.5.51 to 11.5.51. Division 1, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 2, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 3, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 4, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 5, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 6, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 7, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 8, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 9, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 10, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 11, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 12, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 13, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 14, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 15, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 16, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 17, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 18, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 19, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 20, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 21, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 22, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 23, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. Division 24, 21.8.51 to 21.8.51. 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BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"SIENKING"	Kobe, Yokohama, Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 18th Aug.
"SZECHUEN"	Yokohama, Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 18th Aug.
"COURTESY"	Batavia, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	10 a.m. 19th Aug.
"HUIFEI"	Tientsin, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	10 a.m. 22nd Aug.
"ROOCHOW"	Batavia, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	5 p.m. 25th Aug.
"SIENKING"	Kobe, Yokohama, Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 25th Aug.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	10 a.m. 30th Aug.
"ANSHUN"	Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	5 p.m. 30th Aug.
"YCHOOW"	Yokohama, Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 30th Aug.

ARRIVALS FROM

"BOKOR"	Singapore, Penang & Port Swettenham	5 p.m. 17th Aug.
"FUKUEN"	Singapore, Penang & Port Swettenham	10 a.m. 17th Aug.
"HUIFEI"	Tientsin, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	10 a.m. 17th Aug.
"SINKIANG"	Batavia, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	21st Aug.
"ROOCHOW"	Batavia, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	22nd Aug.
"SIENKING"	Kobe, Yokohama, Tokyo, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	7 a.m. 23rd Aug.
"ANSHUN"	Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Soerabaya, Surabaya, Semarang, Medan, Palembang, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong	26/27th Aug.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	Noon 21st Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney & Melbourne	21st Aug.
"CHANGTE"	Sydney & Melbourne	31st Aug.
"TAIPING"	Japan	9th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIYUAN"	Kobe	5 a.m. 17th Aug.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia & Manila	7 a.m. 17th Aug.
"CHANGTE"	Japan	28th Aug.
"TAIPING"	Australia & Manila	6th Sept.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said		
"AUTOMEDON"	London & Holland	23rd Aug.
"AGAPENOR"	Dublin & Liverpool	30th Aug.
"PERSEUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Sept.
"MARON"	Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Sept.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe

Sails		
Sails	Rotterdam	Arrives Hong Kong
G. "AUTOMEDON"	Sailed	In Port Holt's Wharf
G. "PERSEUS"	do	In Port Holt's Wharf
G. "MYRMIDON"	do	29th Aug.
G. "MARON"	do	4th Sept.
G. "HELLEPHION"	do	8th Sept.
G. "PYRRHUS"	13th Aug.	17th Aug.
G. "ANTIOCHUS"	21st Aug.	26th Sept.
G. "CYCLOPS"	28th Aug.	5th Oct.
G. "AUTOLYCUS"	4th Sept.	8th Oct.

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.

S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.

Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS		
"DONA AURORA"	29th Aug.	
"MENESTHEUS"	14th Sept.	

Cathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	7.30 a.m. Tues. Fri. 8.30 a.m. Wed. Sat.	
HK/Singapore/Batavia (DC-4)	1.00 p.m. Wed. 6.10 a.m. Thurs.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Wed. 4.45 p.m. Thurs.	
HK/Haiphong (DC-3)	7.00 a.m. Fri. 4.00 p.m. Fri.	

All the above subject to alteration without notice.

For passage and freight particulars please apply to

1. CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel. 30331/8
BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West, 25875, 32144, 24878.

BENGLINE

ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DATE
"BENBHOR"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENNEVIS"	do	on or abt. 24th Aug.
"BENVANNOCH"	do	18th Sept.
"BENAVON"	do	23rd Sept.

SAILINGS

SHIPS	TO	DATE
"BENNEVIS"	Avonmouth, London & Middlesbrough	20th Aug.
"BENALDER"	Liverpool, Dublin, Hamburg & Antwerp	8th Sept.
"BENVANNOCH"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Avonmouth & Hull	23rd Sept.

Via Singapore, Port Swettenham, Port Sudan, Aden, & Port Said.

Calla Manila, Tawau, Sandakan, and Jesselton.

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Agents
York Building Telephone: 84105.

CHINA MAIL

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PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Attractive, Spanish style residence on Repulse Bay Road overlooking deep water. Double reception hall, drawing room, dining room, study, four bedrooms, guest room, six bathrooms, spacious service accommodation, patio, with swimming, gymnasium, tennis court, attractive garden—10,000 square feet of land approximately. Apply to Messrs. Koon & Shing, Solicitors, Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building, Fourth Floor.

PREMISES TO LET

TO LET or for sale, a big godown at 22 New Street, Kennedy Town, facing 22 acres 10,000 sq. ft. Please apply to Mr. Chan, S.A., Donham Street West, Hongkong.

PETER MOK HIM YICK HONG
MACAO MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVE
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Cables: Peter Macao
Agenotes invited

PROPERTY FOR SALE

North Point, between King's Road and Electric Road, 214,000 sq. ft. vacant land.

Talkoktsui, at the entrance of Yaumati Shelter, 85,000 sq. ft. vacant land with a harbour frontage of 400 ft.

West Point, a godown 178' x 42' x 28' in a compound of 15,000 sq. ft. on the waterfront Kennedy Town.

For further information apply to:

Asiatic Petroleum Co. (South China) Ltd.,
Operations Department
Shell House
Queen's Road.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN



FERD'NAND

Have no Truck with Him!



NANCY

Buddy-guards



JOHNNY HAZARD



NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees per "BENBHOR" are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godowns, where it will be at consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

DAMAGED PACKAGES

Damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors. Messrs. C. J. White and Clark, at 10 a.m., 20th August, 1951.

TO COMPLY WITH THE GENERAL

Household Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 22nd September, 1951, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the underwriter on or before the 22nd September, 1951, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD. Agents.

Don Lim Street, Ltd. Hongkong, 10th August, 1951.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER

HARDER-WILHELMSEN LINE
M.S. "TRAFALGAR"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godowns, where it will be at consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

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All claims against the steamer must be presented to the underwriter on or before the 20th August, 1951, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hongkong, 10th August, 1951.

Balkans Problems

Geneva, Aug. 16.—The nine-state United Nations Special Committee on the Balkans today signed its fourth report to the United Nations General Assembly. Among those who attended the signing was the Secretary-General, Mr. Trygve Lie.

The report is understood to deal with the conciliatory role of the Committee and the problem of frontier relations, the question of Greek nationals detained abroad, evidence of external aid to Greek guerrillas, and information on "aggressive propaganda of a subversive nature directed against the Greek Government."

The countries represented on the Committee are Britain, the United States, France, Australia, China, Pakistan, The Netherlands, Brazil and Mexico.—Reuter.

Good Wishes To Pakistan

Washington, Aug. 15.—President Truman has sent his good wishes to Pakistan which yesterday celebrated Independence Day.

In a message to Khwaja Nazimuddin, Pakistan's Governor-General, President Truman said, "The people of the United States join me in sending to Your Excellency and to the people of Pakistan good wishes and felicitations on this national anniversary of Pakistan."—Reuter.

Ethiopian Minister In Moscow

Moscow, Aug. 15.—The Deputy Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Gromyko, today received the new Ethiopian Minister to Russia, Grasmach Hailu Mariam Wedese, to discuss his forthcoming presentation of credentials at the Kremlin.—Reuter.

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Distress Among Fishermen

Tokyo, Aug. 15.—Lieut.-Colonel H. G. Schenck, chief of General Matthew B. Ridgway's headquarters Natural Resources Section, has urged the Japanese Agricultural and Forestry Ministry, Mr. Ryutaro Nemoto, to solve the economic crisis of Japanese coastal fishermen speedily.

The Lieut.-Colonel stressed in a letter that the removal of the financial distress of Japanese fishermen was of grave concern to nations interested in Japan's international fishery programme.

He reminded the Government that 80 per cent of Japan's marine products had been turned out by coastal fishing.—Reuter.

Red Shipments Of Opium

Washington, Aug. 15.—A Narcotics Bureau official today said illegal shipments of opium from China had increased since the Communists seized control and heroin shipments from Italy had jumped as a result of the operations of Charles "Lucky" Luciano.

Mr. M. Harvey, assistant to the Narcotics Commissioner, told the Senate Crime Committee five poppy-growing countries were sources of supply for opium in this country. These were Turkey, Iran, China, India and Mexico.

He said Luciano was now operating in Palermo and other Italian cities, but he believed narcotics imports from Italy would be curbed by the Italian government.—United Press.

Emigrants To Canada

The Herald, Aug. 15.—Over 12,000 Germans and 6,000 people from other European countries will leave England for Canada during the next few months, it was announced today.—Reuter.

